

# ART ON THE TABLE

Louis Sherry Tells of the Resources of the Caterer.

## SOME COSTLY AMUSEMENTS

How a Mansion Was Hired for Twenty-Four Hours and Sumptuously Furnished for Receptions.

"You can have anything in the world, that you want, if you are willing to pay for it."

That is the rule that governs nearly every fashionable catering establishment. You can order a dinner for one, or a dinner for a hundred. You can have cake and loaves, or you can have terrapin and caribou. You can have a full brass band, or a string orchestra, or only a harpist. You can have some one to play the cello, or you can have Emma Gamble or Paderewski. You can have anything and everything you want—if you are willing to pay for it.

With this grand choice in the selection of entertainments it is no wonder that the fashionable woman hostess when she attempts to decide how she will entertain her guests. And so it happens that in nine cases out of ten the caterer is told to plan the entertainment, provide the music, look after the floral decorations and even inform the hostess about the number of guests that can be nicely accommodated at the entertainment which has been planned. The caterer thus has full sway, and full responsibility, also. If all things go right he is landed to the skies and his bill is generally pronounced far too small. If things go wrong or if there is a hitch anywhere the caterer is blamed. His bill is grudgingly paid and patronage is withdrawn.

He must even so plan things that the guests neither weary at the length of a dinner nor chafe because the entertainment is the same as was provided elsewhere. For the time being he must be all things to all people. And woe to him and to his business if as much as one flower be withered or a strain of music strike into discord.

To accord with the peculiar tastes of the season the fashionable caterer has cut down the fashionable dinner until it is only nine courses long. It lasts only an hour and a half. Many dinners are by special request only seven courses long and just an hour is occupied in serving them. The correct hour for dinner is eight o'clock—neither earlier nor later. Following the custom of some English houses a few New York hostesses have made the ceremony of entering the dining room a very simple one, instead of being stately and ceremonious. The hostess herself leads the way, followed by the ladies of the party. Then come the gentlemen, followed by the host, who comes last. The hostess herself indicates the places at the table, and all is done in a delightfully simple and unassuming way.

Very large dinners are as much liked this season as they were dilapidated half a dozen seasons ago. It is not unusual now to serve a dinner for sixty or seventy people and to remove the tables afterward so that there can be dancing. These dinner dances are very popular, and last year I served a series of four of them at the homes of some of the most elegantly fashionable women in New York.

The cost of such a dinner varies greatly. For as low as \$10 or \$12 a cover a very acceptable dinner, with wine and pretty decorations, can be arranged. The price of dinners of which I speak cost \$75 a cover. This sum included music, flowers, favors and decorations of all kinds.

Usually the question is not "How much will it cost?" but "How nice can you make it?" I must constantly devise something which shall be entirely new and pretty enough to excite even the blase admiration of those who dine and wine on the costliest and handsomest tables in the world.

Color dinners are very popular. The flowers which are used in the decoration of the table must correspond to the color which is chosen as the prevailing hue of the dinner, and thus the caterer is obliged to conform in color to the flowers of the season.

At this time of the year violet dinners, mauve dinners, yellow dinners, pink dinners and red dinners are all popular. Perhaps more popular than any of these is the green dinner, because at this season the green of the holly and the mistletoe gives an especially beautiful effect to the dining table.

At these color dinners everything is made to correspond. The favors match the flowers. The dishes match the favors. The napery, so far as practicable, matches the dishes, and all unite to make one harmonious whole.

If a pink dinner is called for this time of the year, pink roses are chosen to decorate the table. If violet or mauve dinners are wanted violets are used. For yellow dinners, yellow chrysanthemums and yellow roses are selected, and for red dinners red roses and the red berries of the holly and hollyhocks are obtained.

Children's parties are very elegant affairs. They are "from four to seven" in the afternoon and are in every way conducted like the parties of grown up people. For the supper, however, very simple things are served. Tiny patties, simple salads, plain cakes, coned into prettiness with colored icing, ice creams and plenty of bonbons comprise the entire menu.

It often happens that people who desire to give an entertainment at home are unable to do so for lack of proper space. And then a party is reached where the real art of the caterer comes in. By some means and in some way he must make it possible for the would-be hostess to give just such an entertainment as she desires without hiring a public hall or in any way going against her wishes regarding publicity.

A case of this kind was brought to me last autumn. A woman who was keeping house in a dainty little apartment house desired to entertain a large company of people at the wedding reception of her daughter, who was to be married the following week. To invite more than thirty people into the tiny apartment was preposterous, for the little parlor was scarcely larger than a toilet-room reception room. The dining-room was a tiny room in blue china and gold, so small that waiters and guests would be mixed up with each other in hopeless confusion. And after housing over the ground carefully I saw that other quarters would have to be

provided for the entertainment. The lady was greatly opposed to giving a reception in a public hall. Suddenly an idea occurred to me, and I said: "Madam, would you not like to have the use of that large and elegant mansion which stands vacant next door to you for this occasion? I can furnish it completely, and will arrange everything that it will seem on the evening of the reception just as if you really lived there."

The idea pleased her immensely, and I accordingly set to work upon my preparations. I found I could hire the mansion for one day, and after consulting upholsterers and furniture dealers I learned that between sunrise and sunset of the eventful day the mansion, immense though it was, could be completely furnished.

When the day arrived I must confess I was somewhat nervous over the entertainment, for the undertaking was really a stupendous one. But by seven o'clock at night all was complete, and as I looked it over I smiled happily at the result. The floors, which were of good material, had been highly polished and very rich heavy rugs had been plentifully placed upon them. The windows were hung with handsome curtains. The walls were covered with portieres and pictures, while the mantel shelves and cabinets were plentifully adorned with bric-a-brac. Very artistic and very antique bits of furniture were scattered about the house, and there were couches and folding beds and all things to indicate that a family might be living there. In the ladies' dressing-rooms were ladies' maids, whom I had sent up from my own establishment, and on the dressing tables was as bountiful a supply of combs and brushes and toilet bric-a-brac as the soul of any woman could desire. Nothing was missing, from a pair of curling tongs to a powder magazine cups were plentiful, and it was remarked afterward by the hostess that never had she seen such thoroughly-equipped dressing-rooms.

How much did all this cost? It cost \$1,000. But there was \$1,500 worth of furniture in the house, and the number of people employed during the twenty-four hours was almost beyond belief.

A short time ago I did a similar thing for a young married couple. They were living in a little flat and they wished to give a grand entertainment. By leasing the apartment next to them for one day and furnishing it, a great deal of space was added to the already available room, and everything passed off beautifully. Probably to this day the friends of that young couple are denouncing them for their extravagance in occupying a fourteen-room flat, when in reality they are living in one which is less than half that number of rooms.

I am frequently asked what is the smallest apartment in which I can give a dinner, and I always reply that one room is sufficient. By putting screens along one side of the room I shut out my preparations from the guests, while, with the use of chafing dishes, I serve the entire dinner from behind the screen as faultlessly as though I had a kitchen and a butler's pantry from which to draw.

Very funny things are sometimes done when people wish to give an entertainment. If a woman comes to me and says:

"Mr. Sherry, I wish to give a dinner to twenty people and my house is four."

I say to her, "Madam, you may do so, but you must let me have my own way with your house."

Then I visit her house, look it over and plan things like a general before a battle. If I see that her dining table is insufficient, her cook stove faulty and her chairs are not suitable for a dinner, I say to her:

"Can you let me have the entire use of your house on the afternoon of the dinner? You may reserve dressing rooms for yourself and guests, but I beg that you will allow me to take possession of the rest of the house."

If she is a sensible woman she gives way to my judgment and lets me have full swing. On the day of the dinner I send a truck to the house and order all furniture removed and put into the truck. Out go the offensive dining-room chairs, the insufficient table, the bric-a-brac, the lamps that are in the way, the reception room furniture and everything not actually needed for the dinner. Nothing is left as it was except the parlor and dressing rooms. I then put small dining-tables in the dining-room and reception-room, place suitable chairs at them, set up a huge gas stove in the kitchen and then I am ready to give a dinner. After the dinner is over the guests drift into the parlor, and in less than an hour and sometimes in half an hour I have the dining-tables removed and all things set back just as they were before. The hostess can throw open her doors and have dancing or whatever she pleases, while her guests marvel at the quickness and quietness with which her household machinery moves.

As I said in the beginning, you can have anything and everything you want if you are willing to pay for it.

LOUIS SHERRY.

## IT PUZZLES THE NATURALISTS.

No One Knows Exactly Why Manx Cats Are Born Without Tails.

The peculiar breed of cats found in the side of Man differs from others only in that they have no tails, and the lack thereof is the insoluble puzzle to naturalists. Since it has become the fashion to explain everything by the principles of evolution, two theories have been offered—one, that owing to the limited range and lack of dense forests the original cats had no use for tails, and consequently the tails, not the cats, gradually atrophied for lack of use and became rudimentary another, that the primitive Manx cut off all their cats' tails and in the course of time developed a tailless breed. One thing is certain, the cats are there and they have no tails.

The highbred Chinese cat is a splendid proof of what may be done by kindness and culture. If you were to repeat to a well-to-do but untraveled Chinaman the current saying with us that cats are selfish creatures, utterly devoid of affection, he would be very much astonished, and if the owner of a thoroughbred, probably indignant. The Chinese cat appears capable of intense attachment to one person, and ages of selection and careful breeding have the species up to a high standard. The Chinese claim that one of these cats and any cat to some extent is a valuable clock. In the morning the pupil of its eye is a broad band; it contracts regularly till noon, when it is a mere hairline, and expands again as regularly till night.

So when a Chinaman wants to know the time of day he picks up his cat and looks.

## THEIR SWEETMEATS.

The Sort of Candy Used on Different Occasions by Different People.

"Yes, I've got every opportunity to study human nature," said a candy dealer to a Boston Journal reporter the other day; "fully as great an opportunity as the reporter, the policeman or the car conductor."

"For instance," he continued, "people never buy opera caramels to take to the theater or opera. They're soft, and would prove ruinous to gloves. 'School-teachers never eat peppermints and lemon drops at the same time. They'd as soon eat lobster salad and drink milk at the same time. That reminds me of a teacher I once had that lunched on angel cake, a tomato and caramels every noon."

"The blase young man now carries to his sweetheart a dainty box of candied fruit in place of the caramels which were once all the rage. Why, even the children are changing in tastes. They ask for the best French mixture, which is about as much French as I am. I was born in South Boston."

"I know what I'm talking about," he continued, "and could prove to you what I say. Women tipplers don't purchase 'brandy drops' because there is no brandy in 'em, and young maidens avoid caramels because it is too much trouble to take off the oiled paper."

## NICKEL MADE FROM GAS.

A Pitting Process That Does Away with Electrolysis.

One of the most important results of chemical research during the past twelve months, says the Philadelphia Record, are the discoveries of Mr. Ludwig Mond, an Englishman, concerning the metallic carbonyls, and especially nickel carbonyl. The latter is a gaseous substance that burns with a bright luminous flame, metallic nickel separating and becoming incandescent. Solidated in the presence of carbon, it is converted with light metallic nickel. A curious property of the metal thus deposited is that it is almost a perfect non-conductor of electricity.

A plant on a small scale has been constructed by another investigator in the same field for the purpose of extracting nickel from its ores by means of carbonic oxide, thus forming nickel carbonyl. So successful has been this plant that a large establishment will be erected soon at Birmingham to carry out the process on a large scale. The simplicity of the method and the possibility of at once obtaining pure metallic nickel in any form are claimed to give the process advantages over the present mode of nickel plating by electrolysis. In view of the increased use of nickel steel, the discovery is believed to possess exceptional value, since it furnishes a simple method of obtaining an abundant and cheap supply of nickel.

## BLINDING A SHARK.

The Remarkable Escape of a Pearl Diver from a Fearful Death.

A successful diver must possess great courage and nerves of steel. Such a man, connected with a large wrecking company, was visiting the pearl fisheries in the gulf of California. On one of his trips in quest of the pearl oyster he had a narrow escape from a fearful death. Frank Leslie's Magazine tells the story. He had been instructed never to stir from the bottom until he had looked up and around. Fortunately he heeded the advice. Having filled his bag, he glanced quickly about and caught sight of a huge shark-nosed shark watching him. In an emergency men think fast. Near the diver was a large rock. He moved quickly to the other side of it, hoping to dodge the ferocious monster. But the maneuver did not work; the shark watched every movement, changing his position by a slight motion of his powerful tail. Time was precious, and the diver conceived the idea of blinding the shark by stirring up the mud. Under cover of that he might escape. He worked for dear life, and had the water thick with mud in less than half a minute. Slipping around the rock again he rose to the surface, having barely strength enough to reach the side of the boat, and was hauled on board just as the voracious man eater made a rush for him.

## Digested Balthazars.

Five elderly men, evidently strangers to the city, walked up to the box office of a downtown theater the other night and purchased the requisite number of seats "way down front, please." Just as they entered the theater—they were a trifle late and the curtain had been up fifteen minutes—the comedian was singing a topical song, one verse of which called the attention to the fact that most occupants of front seats are destitute of hair. Every man of the five was almost as bald as a billiard ball, and the words of the song fitted them well that the audience simply yelled. For a moment the five stood irresolute and their evident embarrassment only served to renew the shouts of laughter. The usher turned down five seats, handed the checks to one of the party, but without a word the five replaced their hats, wheeled "about face," and solemnly tramped back the aisle and out of the house while the audience yelled some more.

## Before Kings, Yea Ladies, No.

A neat example of the royal retort courteous was that on the occasion of the king's visit to Dublin in 1821. At a court held there Lord Kinsale thought fit to air his ancient hereditary privilege of remaining veiled before the sovereign. George IV., who of course was wounded by this breach of good taste on the part of the Irish peer, said to him: "My lord of Kinsale, we recognize your privilege to wear your hat in the presence of your king, but it does not appear whence you draw your authority for covering your head in the company of ladies."

## The Air in Thunderstorms.

During a thunderstorm the air is of such varying density that thunderpeals are never heard at a distance corresponding to their violence. For the same reason the roar of cannon on a field of battle is not noticeable, and the day has often been lost within a short distance of the reserves of the defeated army, which were waiting for the sound of artillery to call them to the scene of action. The air at night is more homogeneous, and hence sounds are heard more clearly and farther than in the daytime. In foggy weather sounds suffer from similar deflections from the mist, and are soon destroyed.

# EXPERT TESTIMONY

Doctors, Preachers, Druggists, Editors, Poets, Merchants, Teachers and Soldiers Tell the Same Story.

## Per-na Cures Catarrh.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, of the Surgical Hotel, Columbus, Ohio, says: "For a number of years my professional duties have compelled me to be much on the road, traveling long distances by rail night and day, exposed to all kinds of vicissitudes, sleeping and eating in different hotels continually, and through it all I have preserved myself in any derangement of body resulting from catching cold. This could not have been done without Per-na. At the slightest evidence of a cold a few doses of Per-na invariably checked it. If I found myself hacking or frequently blowing my nose, instead of letting it go, as the average man would do, I always took Per-na for a few days, and at no time in my extensive travels have I been obliged to stop a day on account of my health."

The Rev. J. C. Randall, Sulphur Springs, Texas, says: "I have used Per-na in my family first for my wife in lung trouble. She has been greatly benefited; has passed over the winter so far, with a great deal less trouble than for years. I have also found it of great benefit in two cases of influenza in my family. Eldon J. Oliver of Westborough, Ohio, writes: 'I have been troubled with chronic catarrh for a number of years, and could obtain nothing that could effect a permanent cure. I was advised by my druggist to try your medicines. I began to use Per-na, and am pleased to inform you that it has helped me more than any medicine I ever tried. I heartily recommend it to all afflicted with catarrh. W. T. Powell, editor and publisher of "Independent," Clarion, Monroe county, Ohio, says: "I was taken sick with bronchitis and catarrh fever. My head was in a terrible condition—could neither see nor hear scarcely—and my lungs were very badly affected, being so tight and sore I could hardly breathe. I recovered almost constantly. I used three bottles of Per-na and was completely cured, and have felt better ever since than I have for years. Mary Gordon Duffee, (the authoress and poetess), Blount Springs, Ala., writes: "It affords me the greatest pleasure to testify to the merits of your Per-na. I can speak in the highest terms of it—having used it with great benefit to myself—and recommend it to my friends with like results. James M. Queen, Johnstown, W. Va., says: 'I have been sorely afflicted for several years with catarrh of the bladder. It is the greatest medicine in the world. Prof. Paul S. Newman, East Farmington, Polk county, Wis., says: 'I was taken sick last September, 1891, with a severe pain over my chest and a dreadful cough. Being under treatment for more than five months and did not seem to improve, I realized that I would put myself under the Per-na treatment. I am considered to be in perfect health now and rid of my bronchial catarrh. Thanks to Per-na, I owe my whole health to its use. Andrew Walker, Selma, Ia., writes: 'I have been afflicted with catarrh of the head, nose and throat for twelve years. I tried several catarrh remedies with only temporary relief. I began taking Per-na as directed on the bottle and commenced to improve at once, and continued to improve as I continued to use the Per-na. I am a broken down veteran soldier, 57 years old, and I heartily recommend Per-na to all catarrh sufferers."

Catarrh cannot be cured by local treatment alone. A thorough course of internal treatment with Per-na affords the only reasonable prospect of cure. Sprays, douches, inhalants and gargles sometimes relieve, but never cure. Per-na cures by removing the cause. It gradually eradicates the catarrh from the system, whatever its location. An illustrated treatise on catarrh will be sent free by any address by The Per-na Drug Manufacturing company of Columbus, Ohio—a complete guide to the prevention and cure of cough, cold, consumption, and all climatic diseases of winter.

Just the Thing. This is an expression the traveling public generally use when they find something that is exactly what they want. The expression applies directly to the Wisconsin Central Lines, which is now admitted by all to be "The Route" from Chicago to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland, Duluth and all points in the northwest. Their double daily train service and fine equipment offers inducements which cannot be surpassed.

This is the only line running both through Pullman First Class and Tourist Sleepers from Chicago to Pacific Coast points without change.

For full information address your nearest ticket agent or

JAMES C. POND, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

## Mothers and Daughters.

Over twelve years I was afflicted with a very serious female difficulty and for the last sixteen months was under treatment of three of the very best physicians that money could employ. Under their skillful treatment I gradually grew worse, until they decided they could render me no permanent help. One of my friends persuaded me to try a bottle of Dullum's Great German Tonic, and after taking three bottles, I can say I am in better health than I have been for twenty years, and am now 60 years old, but feel as young as at 30.

June 2, 1890.

Mrs. S. E. CARPENTER, Lapeer, Mich.

For sale at D. C. Scribner's drug store, No. 75 Monroe street.

## Don't Get Imposed Upon.

See good motto to follow in buying a medicine as well as in everything else. By the universal satisfaction it has given and by the many remarkable cures it has accomplished, Dullum's Great German Tonic, Liver, Stomach and Kidney Cure has proven itself unequalled for building up and clearing your system and for all diseases arising from impure blood. Do not experiment with an untried or untried article which you are told is as good, but be sure and get Dullum's. All druggists keep it.

For sale at D. C. Scribner's drug store, No. 75 Monroe street.

## Prof. Niel.

Government chemist, writes: 'I have carefully analyzed your "Royal Ruby Port Wine," bought by me in the open market, and certify that I found the same absolutely pure and well aged. This wine is especially recommended for its health restoring and building up properties; it strengthens the weak and restores lost vitality, particularly

adapted for convalescents, the aged, nursing mothers and those reduced and weakened by overwork and worry. Be sure you get "Royal Ruby," 54 per quart bottle, price 60 cents. Sold by White & White and Thum Bros. & Schmidt, druggists.

## Very Much Surprised.

I have been affected with neuralgia for nearly two years, have tried physicians and all known remedies, but found no permanent relief until I tried a bottle of Dullum's Great German Tonic, and it gave me instant and permanent relief, 25 cents per bottle.

Signed, A. B. SKELL, Hamilton, Mich., April 11, 1891.

For sale at D. C. Scribner's drug store.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Peck Bros., druggists, corner Monroe and Division-sts.

## CAN'T SLEEP NIGHTS.

Is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Dr. Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles. Sold on a positive guarantee at 25c and 50c.

## It Should Be in Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay-st., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe" when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cockeport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Trial bottles 10 cents at Peck Bros' drugstore. Large bottles, 50c and \$1.00.

## Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters along the same song of praise—purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure as cure all Malaria fevers—For cure Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.—Price 50c and \$1.00 per bottle at Peck Bros' drugstore.

## For a disordered liver take Beecham's Pills.

The greatest worm destroyer on earth is Dullum's Great German Worm Lozenges, only 25 cents per box. For sale at D. C. Scribner's drug store.

Buy Dullum's Great German 15 cent Liver Pills, forty in each package, at Scribner's.

Buy Dullum's Great German 25 cent Cough Cure at D. C. Scribner's.

Buy Dullum's Great German 25 cent Cough Cure at D. C. Scribner's.

Buy Dullum's Great German 15 cent Liver Pills, forty in each package, at Scribner's.

Buy Dullum's Great German 25 cent Cough Cure at D. C. Scribner's.

Peckham's Croup Remedy cures whooping cough.

## For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. WISLOW'S SOUTHERN SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

## WORTH A GUINOA A BOX.

## BLIND.

They are blind who will not try a box of

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

for the disorders which grow out of impaired digestion. For a weak stomach, indigestion, flatulence, diarrhoea, liver, sick headache, and all nervous ailments, they take the place of an entire medicine chest.

COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND SOLUBLE COATING.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 65 Canal St.

## POND'S EXTRACT CURES

Piles Cold Catarrh (Acute) Wounds Bruises Sprains Chilblains Lameness Hoarseness Backache Rheumatism Sore Eye Sore Throat Hemorrhages Inflammation

AVOID SUBSTITUTES

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. POND, NEW YORK

POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK

AND LONDON

# FOR FAT FOLKS.

Dr. Edison's FAMOUS PILLS AND BANDS and OBESITY FRUIT SALT reduce your weight without dieting; cures the causes of obesity, such as dyspepsia, rheumatism, nervousness, catarrh, kidney troubles; keeps you healthy, and beautifies the complexion.

## CHICAGO LETTER OF THANKS.

I have written you to say I have lost 11 pounds, making 42 pounds lost in 10 weeks by using 4 bottles of Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and wearing his Obesity Bands.

Very truly yours, CHARLES H. KANG, Prof. Hark, Chicago University, written to the Chicago Herald, Sept. 1, 1892.

Corporated men should pay some attention to reducing their weight. When a man is troubled with indigestion, dyspepsia, kidney trouble or nervousness the reducing of weight is essential. Until this Obesity Pills have cured the disease that caused obesity. The pills soften and beautify the skin of the face.

I am at liberty to give case after case. Under my advice Mr. Armour used an Obesity Pills and 3 bottles of Pills and lost 26 pounds in 6 weeks. Other patients have been equally successful.

## Sold by Druggists.

Band measure at numbers 1, 2, 3. Price \$2.50 to 25 inches, and 10 cents extra for each additional inch.

Pills \$1.00 a bottle, or three bottles for \$2.50, enough for one treatment.

Obesity Fruit Salt \$1.00 per bottle. You can get these Obesity Pills and Salt direct from our stores, or by mail or express.

For correspondence and goods forwarded in plain, sealed packages.

Notice. Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and Bands are sold at our stores. Send for our special Electric Bitters Circular, containing Electric Bitters \$1.00 and up. Insules 50 cts. per pair.

Loaning & Co., Proprietors and Gent Agents, 222 East Washington St., Chicago, Ill. (Not an apothecary store, but parlor, 217-B, on one floor.)

222 Hamilton Place, Boston, Mass.

642 West 12th St., New York City.

Cut this out and keep it, and send for our full (eight column) article on Obesity.

## WANTED! 5,000 MEN! TO USE ELIXIR OF YOUTH.

IS LIFE WORTH LIVING? It is not if you are not in possession of the full facilities for enjoying it. We offer to the public a true and trusty remedy, the ELIXIR OF YOUTH. It is a positive cure for spermatorrhea, loss of vitality, and all ailments arising from disease, over-indulgence or abuse of any kind. It effects a permanent cure, restores strength in young or old of either sex, renews strength and restores the vigor of youth, making life worth living.

\$1.00 PER BOTTLE, 6 BOTTLES, \$5.

## THE GERMAN HOSPITAL REMEDY CO., GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

For sale in Grand Rapids at Scribner's & White, 29 Monroe street; R. A. McWilliams, 25 West Bridge street.

## Dr. von PETERS LIQUID SULPHUR

Nature always administers sulphur in liquid form. Why not imitate her? Liquid sulphur is simply a pure solution of sulphur. No secret is made of the result. The process of manufacture is the secret.

Sulphur has been used by the medical profession time out of mind.

It will be found prescribed by the best authorities approved by the best practice.